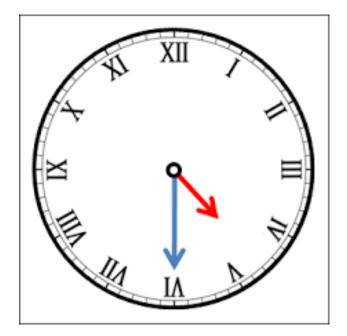
- Tell and write the time from an analogue and a digital clock using 12-hour and 24-1. hour clocks.
- Tell and write the time from an analogue clock using Roman numerals from I to XII. 2. 3. 4. 5. Estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute Record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes and hours Use vocabulary such as o'clock, a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and

- midnight
- Know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, 6. year and leap year
- 7. Compare durations of events [for example to calculate the time taken by particular events or tasks]

also included some online resources and key information that may be useful.



By the end of Year 3 the children need to know how to do the following objectives. Many children find telling the time difficult. You may find learning to tell the time takes longer than one week. It could be continued over the summer holiday at your child's own pace.

The following documents are scaffolds to help children learn how to tell the time. We have









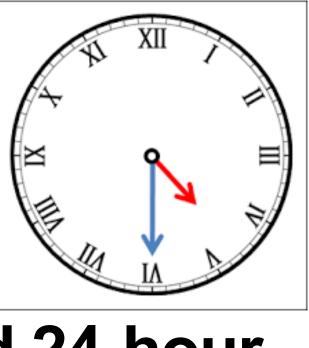




clocks.

0:00 =	12:00 AM
1:00 =	1:00 AM
2:00 =	
3:00 =	3:00 AM
4:00 =	4:00 AM
5:00 =	5:00 AM
6:00 =	6:00 AM
7:00 =	7:00 AM
8:00 =	8:00 AM
9:00 =	9:00 AM
10:00 =	10:00 AM
11:00 =	11:00 AM

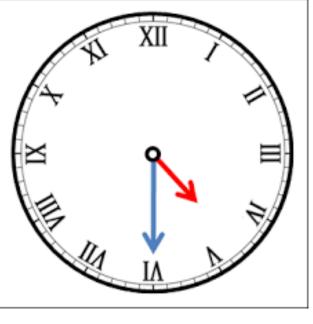
Converting from 12 hour time to 24 hour time



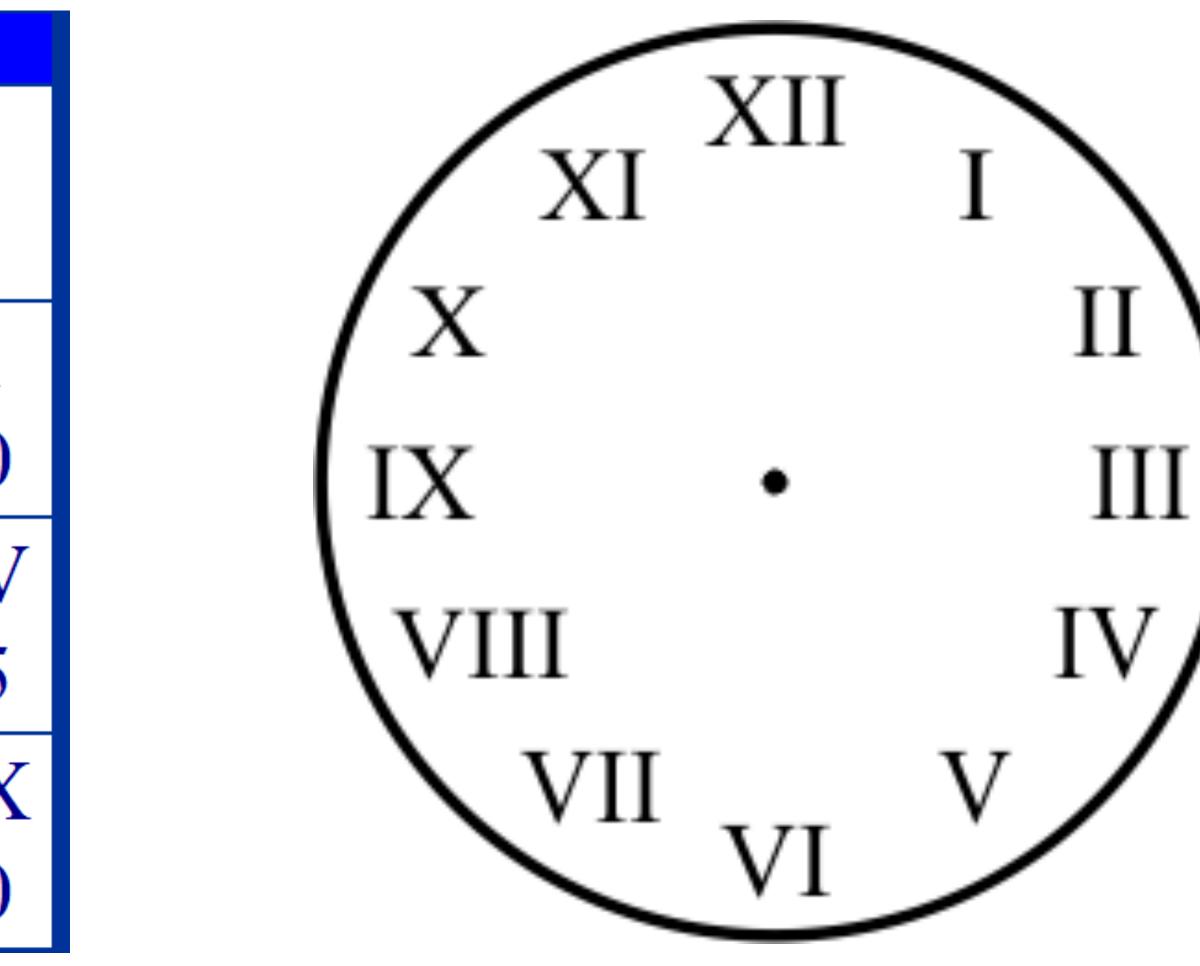
1. Tell and write the time from an analogue and a digital clock using 12-hour and 24-hour

12:00 =	= 12:00 PM
13:00 =	= 1:00 PM
14:00 =	= 2:00 PM
15:00 =	= 3:00 PM
16:00 =	= 4:00 PM
17:00 =	= 5:00 PM
18:00 =	= 6:00 PM
19:00 =	7:00 PM
20:00 =	= 8:00 PM
21:00 =	= 9:00 PM
22:00 =	= 10:00 PM
23:00 =	= 11:00 PM

	I = 1	V = 5	$\mathbf{X} = 10$	
Ι	Π	III	IV	V
1	2	3	4	5
VI	VII	VIII	IX	Χ
6	7	8	9	10
XI	XII	XIII	XIV	XV
11	12	13	14	15
XVI	XVII	XVIII	XIX	XX
16	17	18	19	20

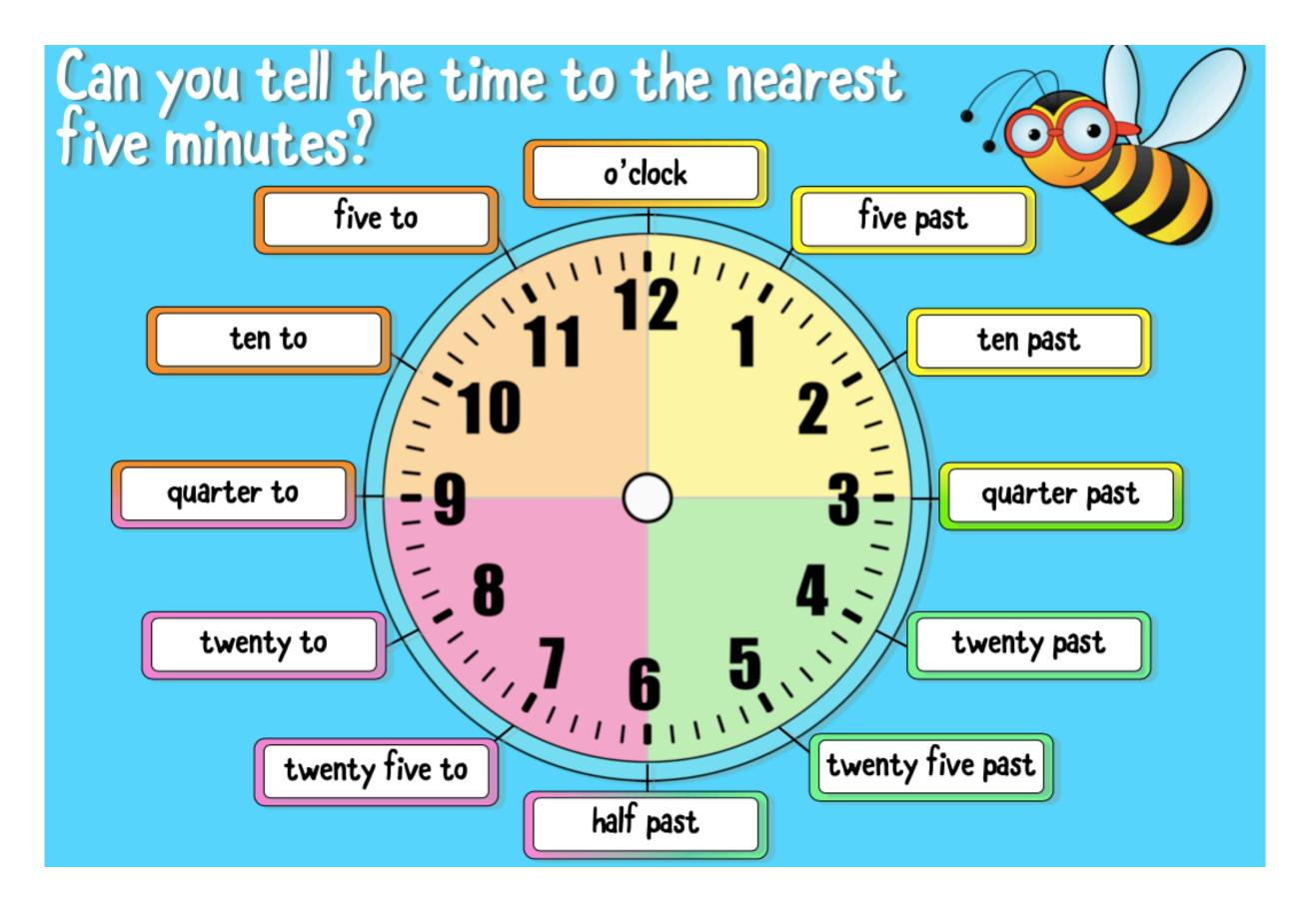


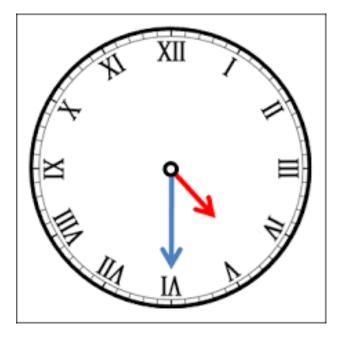
2. Tell and write the time from an analogue clock using Roman numerals from I to XII.





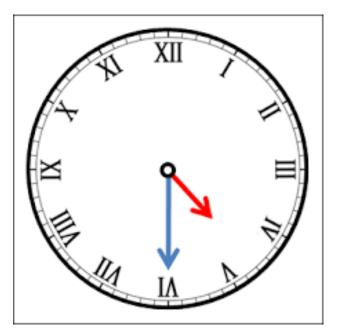
3. Estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute





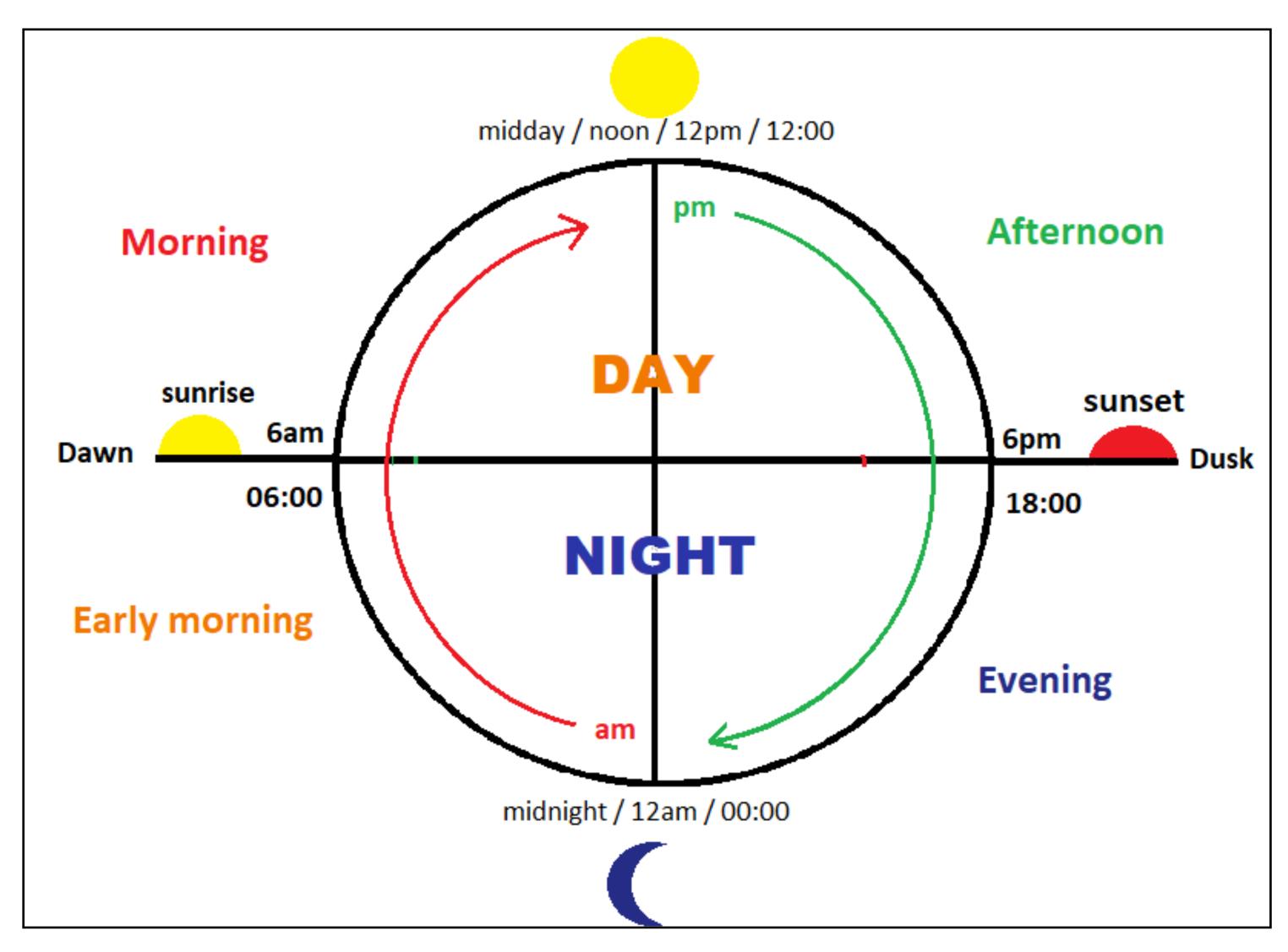
4. Record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes and hours







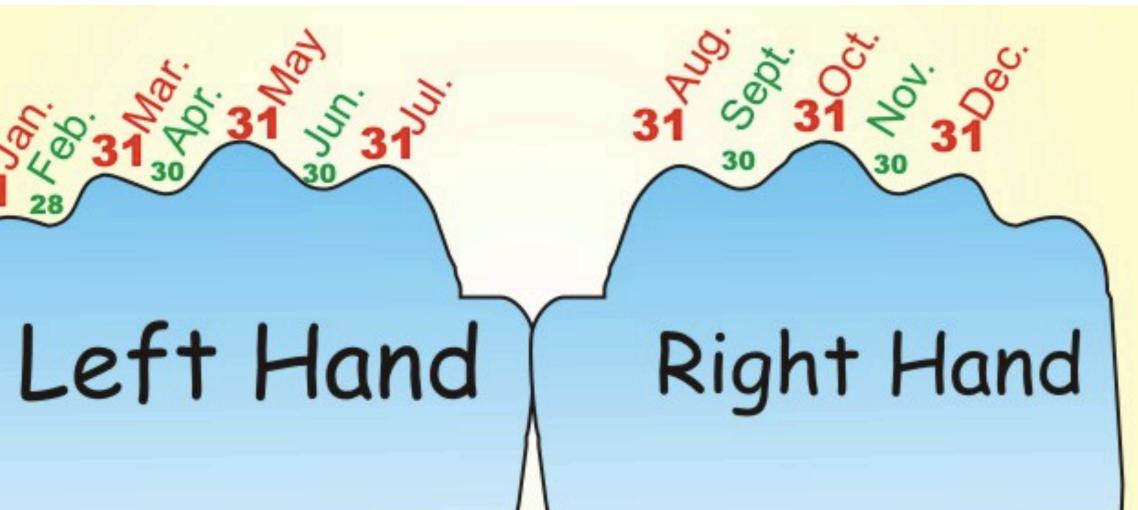
5. Use vocabulary such as o'clock, a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon, midnight





6. Know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year

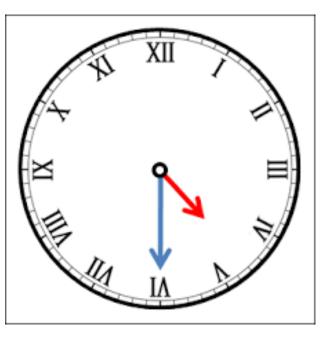




Days in a Month

30 days has September, April, June and November. All the rest have 31, except February alone, which has 28 days clear and 29 days in each Leap Year.





7. Compare durations of events [for example to calculate the time taken by particular events or tasks]

Time how long it takes you to complete different activities!

You could...

- Do 20 star jumps
- Say the alphabet
- Write the long date
- Count to 100
- Throw and catch a ball 10 times
- $D\sigma 30$ skips
- Or any of your own choice!

You could even time how long it takes for other of your daily activities. (for example, baking a cake, going on a bike ride, watching a film...)

Compare your times. Which took you the longest time? Which was the quickest activity?



